

HIGHLAND REGIONAL COUNCIL



FIELD MONUMENTS

ARCHAEOLOGICAL SITES AND MONUMENTS RECORD

1 SITE CODE									
H	N	N	0	7	N	E	0	0	3
2 NGR							3 QUAL		
N	N	0	9	0	5	7	6	9	3
6 SITE NAME									
K	I	L	M	A	L	L	I	E	C
C	H	U	R	C	H				
10 GENERIC TYPE									
CHURCHES + GRAVEYARD									
14 PERIOD/DATE					15 DATING METHOD				
EM=LM=MO					DOC				
18 SHAPE									
19 THREAT AND DATE									

DISTRICT		5 PARISH	
LOCHABER		KILMALLIE(NORTH)	
AREA STATUS	8 SITE STATUS	9 REGIONAL STATUS	
	STANDING STRUCTURES		
CONCORDANCE	12 FORM	13 DIMENSIONS	
NNO7NE3			
IR			
RELATIONSHIP OF ELEMENTS		17 CONDITION	
		PRESENT CHURCH - IN USE OLDER CHURCHES - DESTROYED	

LAND USE		21 GEOLOGY	
CEMETERY = LAND BUILT UPON			
SOILS		23 VEGETATION	
HYDROLOGY/DRAINAGE		25 RELIEF	
		VILLAGE CENTRE	
		26 ASPECT	27 ALTITUDE
		SSW	10=20m OD

28 EXCAVATION (EXCAVATOR: DATE: EXTENT: QUALITY)

*Proc Soc Ant Scot 1881-82, 'jolly in
Mid-Lochaber. p. 49 (52/3)*

29 BIBLIOGRAPHY (AUTHOR: DATE: TITLE: JOURNAL OR PUBLISHER: VOLUME: DETAIL)

1. ORDNANCE SURVEY: 1938: 6" (PROV) MAP
2. : 1854: ORIGINES PAROCHIALES SCOTIA: : 2pt: pp180-1
3. MACFARLANE, W: 1907: MACFARLANE'S GEOGRAPHICAL COLLECTIONS, 2, 1748: SCOTTISH HIST. SOC: 52 pp lxi & 520
4. MACCULLOCH, DB: 1939: ROMANTIC LOCHABER: : pp186-191
5. ORDNANCE SURVEY: 1975: 1/10,000 MAP
6. ORDNANCE SURVEY: 1900: 1:25" MAP

30 GROUND PLAN NO.	31 GROUND PHOTO NO.
32 SLIDES NO.	33 HR. AP. NO.
34 NMR. AP. NO.	35 OTHER AP. NO. : SOURCE
36 ARCHIVE AND LOCATION	
37 GEOPHYSICAL SURVEY	38 SAMPLES
39 PALYNOLOGY	40 NUMERICAL DATES: RANGE: LAB NO.
41 SMALL FINDS	42 MUSEUM/LOCATION
43 OTHER	

NAME & ADDRESS OF OWNER		45 ATTITUDE OF OWNER	
NAME & ADDRESS OF TENANT		47 ATTITUDE OF TENANT	

ACCESS & RESTRICTIONS	
NAME & ADDRESS OF FINDER/RECORDER: DATE	
50 RECORDER: DATE	51 CHECK: DATE
PB: 4.8.1986	Sm: 6.8.1986

EXT NN 0905 7693. Chapel (remains of). "(1) "Kilmallie church seems to have stood originally on hill above the town of Kilmallie. James Gordon (1641-54), writing from Pont's notes stated that the church was then (Pont, 1583-1601) within the town, and the church now stands at Corpach, to the ward of Kilmallie. The second church is traditionally believed to have been built by Gillie-ow-mak-chravolich, on whom sir Walter Scott based the character of Brvan in 'The Lady of the lake'. The building of the next church of Kilmallie is attributed to the Cameron chief, Ailean an Creach who built it in the early 16thc, although it is more likely to have been built by his son, as part of a penance. The stones from the ruin of this church are believed to have been incorporated into the graveyard wall of the present church (built 1783). There is no reason to believe that the enclosure within the graveyard is the remains of Alan's church. It was the ancestral place of the Lochiel family. The church is said to have been dedicated to the Virgin Mary,

29. 7. :1845:NEW STATISTICAL ACCOUNT:12:pp117+125

2. ... Malie being a diminutive of Mary. It may be significant that the annual fair, held here on August 18th, was called Mary Fair."(2)(3)(4)(5)(7)"A small portion of the side wall, fast mouldering away, situated in the graveyard of Kilmallie Church is all that remains of one of the several chapels founded by a chief of Locheil about the year 1450. The dedicatory name is not known."(OSFI:DT:16.9.1970) "No trace of any of the old churches."(OSFI:NKB:15.5.1970) "NN 0911 7699 roofed building, church."(5)"NN 0905 7693 Sub-circular enclosure.(Graveyard)"(5) "NN 0905 7699, sub-rectangular enclosure.(Graveyard)."(5) "Chruch, Graveyard, Chapel(remains of)."(6) "See continuation card (1) for map (6)."